36^{th} International Mathematical Olympiad

First Day - Toronto - July 19, 1995
Time Limit: $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours

1. Let A, B, C, D be four distinct points on a line, in that order. The circles with diameters AC and BD intersect at X and Y. The line XY meets BC at Z. Let P be a point on the line XY other than Z. The line CP intersects the circle with diameter AC at C and M, and the line BP intersects the circle with diameter BD at B and N. Prove that the lines AM, DN, XY are concurrent.

2. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $abc = 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{1}{a^3(b+c)} + \frac{1}{b^3(c+a)} + \frac{1}{c^3(a+b)} \geq \frac{3}{2}.$$

3. Determine all integers $n > 3$ for which there exist n points $A_1, \ldots, A_n$ in the plane, no three collinear, and real numbers $r_1, \ldots, r_n$ such that for $1 \leq i < j < k \leq n$, the area of $\triangle A_iA_jA_k$ is $r_i + r_j + r_k$.

36^{th} International Mathematical Olympiad

Second Day - Toronto - July 20, 1995
Time Limit: $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours

1. Find the maximum value of x_0 for which there exists a sequence $x_0, x_1 \ldots, x_{1995}$ of positive reals with $x_0 = x_{1995}$, such that for $i = 1, \ldots, 1995$,

$$x_{i-1} + \frac{2}{x_{i-1}} = 2x_i + \frac{1}{x_i}.$$

2. Let $ABCDEF$ be a convex hexagon with $AB = BC = CD$ and $DE = EF = FA$, such that $\angle BCD = \angle EFA = \pi/3$. Suppose G and H are points in the interior of the hexagon such that $\angle AGB = \angle DHE = 2\pi/3$. Prove that $AG + GB + GH + DH + HE \geq CF$.

3. Let p be an odd prime number. How many p-element subsets A of $\{1, 2, \ldots\ 2p\}$ are there, the sum of whose elements is divisible by p?